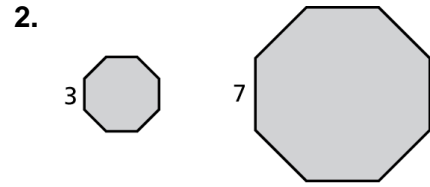
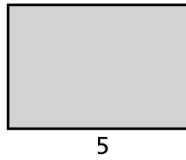
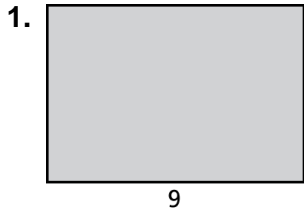


# 2.6

## Homework

The two figures are similar. Find the ratio (small to large) of the perimeters and of the areas.



3. How does doubling the side lengths of a rectangle affect its area?

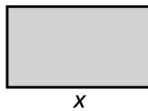
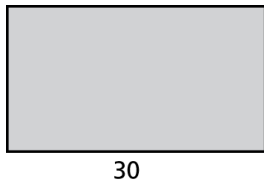
4. The ratio of the corresponding side lengths of two similar rectangular tables is 4 : 5.

a. What is the ratio of the perimeters? = \_\_\_\_\_

b. What is the ratio of the areas? = \_\_\_\_\_

c. The perimeter of the larger table is 44 feet. What is the perimeter of the smaller table?

5. The figures are similar. The ratio of the perimeters is 5 : 9. Find  $x$ .



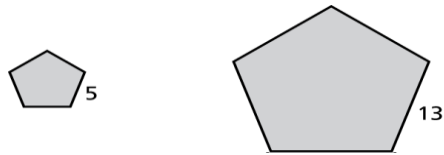
6. The ratio of the area of Triangle  $A$  to Triangle  $B$  is 16 : 49. Triangle  $A$  is similar to Triangle  $B$ .

a. Which triangle is larger,  $A$  or  $B$ ?

b. What is the ratio of the corresponding sides of Triangle  $A$  to Triangle  $B$ ?

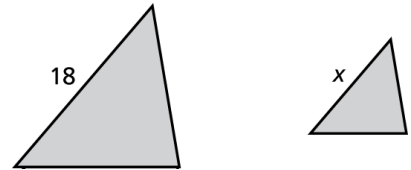
c. A side length of Triangle  $B$  is 3.5 inches. What is the corresponding side length of Triangle  $A$ ?

7. The two figures are similar. Find the ratio (small to large) of the perimeters and of the areas.



8. How does tripling the side lengths of a pentagon affect its perimeter?

9. The figures are similar. The ratio of the perimeters is 12 : 7. Find  $x$ .



10. The ratio of the corresponding side lengths of two similar parallelogram signs is 9 : 14.

a. What is the ratio of the perimeters? = \_\_\_\_\_

b. What is the ratio of the areas? = \_\_\_\_\_

c. One side length of the smaller sign is 45 feet. What is the side length of the corresponding side of the larger sign?

11. The area of Circle P is  $4\pi$ . The area of Circle Q is  $25\pi$ .

a. What is the ratio of their areas? = \_\_\_\_\_

b. What is the ratio of their circumferences? = \_\_\_\_\_